UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

KATHLEEN M. BAILEY,

Plaintiff,

11-CV-6138

v.

**DECISION** and ORDER

INTEGO INSURANCE SERVICES, LLC,

Defendants.

Plaintiff, Kathleen M. Bailey ("Plaintiff"), brings this action, pro se, pursuant to the Age Discrimination in Employment Act ("ADEA") of 1967, 29 U.S.C. §§ 621 et seq., alleging that the Defendant, Intego Insurance Services, LLC ("Intego"), unlawfully terminated her employment based on her age. (Docket No. 1.) Plaintiff alleges that she was terminated on April 2, 2009 and this was the last date any discriminatory action was taken against her. Plaintiff filed a charge of discrimination with the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission ("EEOC") on January 24, 2011. The EEOC dismissed Plaintiff's charge as untimely, and sent her a dismissal and notice of right to sue on February 8, 2011. Plaintiff then filed the instant action on March 18, 2011.

Defendant now moves to dismiss Plaintiff's complaint for failing to file a charge of discrimination with the EEOC within the statutory deadline - 300 days. (Docket No. 19.) Plaintiff has not responded to the instant motion, but instead she filed a "motion for a one month postponement" of oral argument on the motion to dismiss.

Case 6:11-cv-06138-MAT-MWP Document 23 Filed 01/27/12 Page 2 of 2

Local Rule 7(c) states that the Court, in its discretion, may

decline to hear oral argument on any motion. Accordingly, in its

notice to the parties scheduling the instant motion, the Court

stated that the motion would be submitted without oral argument and

no court appearance were required. Accordingly, Plaintiff's motion

to extend the time for oral argument is denied as moot.

To pursue a claim for discrimination under the ADEA in New

York a plaintiff must first file a charge of discrimination with

the EEOC within 300 days of the alleged unlawful action. See <a href="Hodge">Hodge</a>

v. New York College of Podiatric Medicine, 157 F.3d 164, 166 (2d

Cir. 1998). This requirement functions as a statute of limitations

which will bar any suit in district court based on allegations

which are not timely raised before the EEOC. See Van Zant v. KLM

Royal Dutch Airlines, 80 F.3d 708, 712 (2d Cir. 1996); Heller v.

<u>Consolidated Rail Corp.</u>, 331 Fed. Appx. 766, 768, 2009 WL 1448977

(2d Cir. 2009).

Here, Plaintiff filed her charge with the EEOC nearly one year

after the 300 day deadline expired. Accordingly, because Plaintiff

failed to timely exhaust her administrative remedies with the EEOC,

Plaintiff's complaint is hereby dismissed with prejudice.

ALL OF THE ABOVE IS SO ORDERED.

s/ Michael A. Telesca
MICHAEL A. TELESCA

United States District Judge

Dated: Rochester, New York

January 27, 2012